

# GREAT WATER SAVING TIPS FOR YOUR HOME

[smartwatermark.org/NSW](http://smartwatermark.org/NSW)

A 10 minute shower can use up to 90 litres of water! Try cutting a minute off your shower. Saving hot water not only saves water but energy and money too.



Fit a water efficient showerhead for a water saving yet still high performance shower experience.



Turn the tap off when brushing your teeth. Wet your brush and use a glass for rinsing.



Fix dripping taps – a rate of 1 drip per second wastes over 12,000 litres per year.



Fix leaking toilets – a slow barely visible leak can waste over 4,000 litres per year while a visible constant leak can waste over 96,000 litres per year.



Always use a full load in the dishwasher and washing machine to ensure they run as efficiently as possible.



Look for washing machines that have a four or more WELS star rating (The Water Efficiency Labelling and Standards Scheme).

# GREAT WATER SAVING TIPS FOR YOUR GARDEN

The best time to water your garden is before 10am and after 4pm when the sun's rays aren't so strong.



Always use a trigger nozzle so no water is wasted.



Plant water-conservative plants and use only enough water to match the needs of the plants.



Using mulch helps save water by keeping soil cool to reduce evaporation by up to 75%.



Installing a rainwater tank, together with other household water saving devices, can reduce your household water use by up to 25%.



When washing your car at home, park your car on your grass so the runoff soaks back into the ground.



Uncovered pools can lose up to 55,000 litres of water annually, through evaporation, which is a big deal. Using a solar pool cover can help you to stop 97% evaporation.

# Home Water Efficiency Audit

Do you know how much water your household uses? A home water audit like this can help. By monitoring how much water you use and fixing leaks promptly, you can save water and money.

Just follow the steps and add the information you collect to the Audit Form as you go.

## STEP 1

### How Much Water Do We Use?

- Find out where your local water supply comes from by checking your rates notice (water bill).
- Check your water meter which is typically located in the ground outside, towards the front of the property.
- Check how much water your home is using each month by making monthly water meter readings to compare to monthly bills. You can quickly detect any unexplained increases in water use that might indicate a possible leak.

## STEP 2

### Where Do We Use Water?

- Complete the Household Checklist below using the water usage calculator.

Water Use	No. of people in home (A)	No. of uses per week (B)	Litres of water per use (C)	Total per week (AxBxC)
Toilet				
Shower				
Bath				
Teeth cleaning				
Shaving				
Washing hands				
Drinking				
Washing dishes				
Dishwasher				
Washing machine				
Inside cleaning such as showers, floors				
Washing cars/bikes/ boats				
Washing pets				
Watering gardens/lawns				
Outside cleaning such as driveway, balconies				
Pool/spa/water features				
Other				
<b>Total</b>				

You can use additional sheets of paper if you need more space for all your water using places.

# Home Water Efficiency Audit

## Water Usage Calculator

Location	End use	Litres of water used
<b>Bathroom</b>	Toilet: dual flush 6/3 (or 4.5/3) single flush only	3 litres per half flush or 6/4.5 litres per full flush 11 litres per flush
	Shower	6–11 litres per minute
	Bath	120 litres per filled bath
	Brushing teeth: with water running with a cup	3 litres per minute 0.5 litre per person
	Shaving: with water running with a cup	3 litres per minute 0.5 litre per person
	Washing hands with water running	3 litres per minute
	Cleaning showers: with the shower running with a bucket	6–11 litres per minute 9 litres per filled bucket
<b>Kitchen</b>	Washing dishes: by hand dishwasher	15 litres per half-filled sink 7 litres per load (5 star WELS rated) Older dishwashers up to 25 litres per load
	Drinking	2 litres per person per day
<b>Laundry</b>	Washing clothes: by hand	22 litres per half-filled laundry trough
	washing machine* (e.g. 6kg load capacity)	30 litres per load (6 star WELS rated) 88 litres per load (3 star WELS rated) Older machines up to 180 litres per load
<b>Outdoors</b>	Washing outdoors, including pets, furniture, car: using running hose using a filled bucket	15 litres per minute 9 litres per bucket
	Watering gardens: with a hose with a sprinkler	15 litres per minute 9–15 litres per minute
	Hosing driveways/pavements	15 litres per minute
	Topping up pool/spa/water features:	15 litres per minute
<b>Leaks</b>	Leaks: slow-dripping tap leak toilet cistern leak pool/spa small leak	3–27 litres per day 10 litres per day (barely visible) to 260 litres per day (large) 130 litres per week

# Home Water Efficiency Audit

## STEP 3

### Do you have any leaks?

#### Check Taps for Leaks

- Place a measuring cup (that measures millilitres) under the leaky tap and start a stop-watch.
- Leave the cup under the leaky tap for 15 minutes.
- Note down how many millilitres were captured, then calculate how many litres per hour the tap is leaking.
- Together you can work out how much water would be wasted in 1 day, in 1 week and in 1 year.

#### Check Toilets for Leaks

- Remove the cistern cover and pour in enough food colouring to change the colour of the water in the cistern.
- Wait for a few minutes to see if the colour of the water in bowl changes colour.

#### Check How Much Water Your Toilets Use

- Remove the cistern cover and shut off the water supply to the toilet. Identify where the cistern fill point is.
- Flush the toilet to empty the cistern.
- Refill the cistern to the fill point with a measuring jug and calculate how much water is used with each flush.

#### Check your Tap Flow Rates

- Place a 10ltr bucket under the tap you are checking, turn it on midway and start a stop-watch.
- Leave the bucket under the tap for 30 seconds only.
- Note down how many litres were captured in 30 secs and double it to calculate a minute, then you can calculate how many litres per hour the tap provides (flow rate).

A general guide for flow rates is as follows:

- Sink taps flow should not exceed 12 litres per minute
- Hand basin taps flow should not exceed 6 litres per minute
- Shower flows, if you have them, should not exceed 9 litres per minute

## STEP 4

### Are your appliances water-efficient?

- If your appliances are reasonably new, the manufacturer's product information will tell you how much water they use.
- When buying new appliances, choose those with a higher water efficiency rating where possible. The water rating label on the product will help you identify the most water-efficient products—look for the product with the most stars. (Check WELS rating at [www.waterrating.gov.au](http://www.waterrating.gov.au))

#### Check Efficiency of old Appliances

- If your appliances are older, you can use your water meter to work out how much water each appliance uses.
- To do this, ensure all water-using devices are turned off and then record the water meter reading.
  - Use only one appliance while all other water-using devices remain switched off.
  - When the appliance is finished, check the meter reading again.
  - The difference in the meter readings is the amount of water, in litres, used by the appliance.
- Alternatively, contact a licensed plumber to help determine the water consumption of individual appliances and your overall household.